

rontiers in Chemistry

CASE RESERVE UNIVERSITY

WESTERN \triangleright S H

The Sixty-Sixth FRONTIERS IN **CHEMISTRY**

CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY

JASE

FRONTIERS IN CHEMISTRY

Case Western Reserve University 2006-2007

The Frontiers in Chemistry series has been held on campus since 1941. The speakers are sponsored by local industrial and government laboratories and the University. The lectures are free.

SCHEDULE: Most lectures are on Thursday at 4:30 p.m. However, one lecture is on Friday at 4:00 p.m. Coffee and tea are available before the lectures.

LOCATION: Most of the lectures are in the Goodyear Lecture Hall. However, the lectures of Thursday, September 21, and Friday, October 13, are in the Schmitt Auditorium.

PARKING: Parking is available at all Case Visitor parking lots. Bring your parking stub for validation.

DINNER: The lectures are generally followed by dinner at a local restaurant. Those who wish may join the dinner (participants pay the restaurant individually). Reservations are required by the Monday preceding the lecture.

INQUIRIES AND DINNER RESERVATIONS:

Zedeara Diaz Department of Chemistry Case Western Reserve University 10900 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44106-7078 Phone: (216) 368-3621 Fax: (216) 368-3006 E-mail: zedeara.diaz@case.edu

INFORMATION: http://chemwww.case.edu/

FRONTIERS LECTURE SERIES COMMITTEE

Prof. Malcolm E. Kenney

Chair, Frontiers in Chemistry Series Department of Chemistry, Case malcolm.kenney@case.edu (216) 368-3739

Dr. Orest Adrianowycz GrafTech International

Dr. William Francik Goodyear Dr. Terrence Hogan

Bridgestone Firestone

Dr. Michael Meador

Dr. John Maloney

Dr. Saeed Alerasool **BASF** Catalysts LLC

Dr. Pramod Arora Innovation Chemical Technologies

Dr. Andrew Bell Promerus

Mr. Richard Coin ELTECH Systems

> Dr. Anthony Dallmier Steris

Dr. Frank Feddrix Energizer

NASA Dr. Madhukar Rao Sherwin-Williams

Dr. Scott Rickert

Ferro

NanoFilm Dr. Richard Vickerman

Lubrizol

The University acknowledges with appreciation the guidance provided by the external members of the Frontiers in the Chemistry Lecture Series Committee. Additional support has been provided by Bridgestone Firestone and Sherwin-Williams.



2006-2007

Chemical Dynamics

Dynamics of Electrons at Interfaces on

Ultrafast electron dynamics at metal/molecule

interfaces are studied by two-photon photo-

emissiom on the femtosecond time-scale and

nanometer length-scale. This technique can be

used to study of the dynamics of chemisorption,

electron solvation, localization, and interfacial

the Femtosecond Timescale

October 19, 2006

momentum scattering.

Powering the Planet: The Challenge for Science in the 21st Century September 21, 2006

The supply of secure, clean, sustainable energy is arguably the most important scientific and technical challenge facing humanity in the 21st century. Energy security, national security, environmental security, and economic security can likely only be met through addressing the energy problem within the next 10 - 20 years.



Daniel G. Nocera W. M. Keck Prof. of Energy and Prof. of Chemistry

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Case Chemical Dynamics Lecturer

DNA Charge Transport Chemistry and Biology Friday, October 13, 2006

Long range signaling among DNA-bound proteins through DNA-mediated charge transport may permit the rapid detection of DNA lesions and mispairs within the cell. This presentation will describe photophysical, electrochemical and biochemical experiments conducted to characterize charge transport through DNA.

Innovation Chem Tech Lecturer

March 8, 2007



Myths, Misconceptions, and the Molecular

Even though lead poisoning is the most common en-

vironmentally-caused disease in the United States, the

molecular mechanism of lead poisoning has remained

largely unexplored until recently. New studies on the

biochemistry of Pb(II) have pointed to new potential

ceptions about the biological chemistry of lead.

targets for lead and have unveiled fundamental miscon-

Mechanism of Lead Poisoning

Charles B. Harris Gilbert Newton Lewis Professor of Chemistry

University of California, Berkeley

Case Chemical Dynamics Lecturer

Bioinorganic Chemistry

Single Molecule Spectroelectrochemistry November 9, 2006

In the last decade our group has been investigating the spectroscopy of conjugated polymers, one molecule at a time, in order to address several central issues in how conjugated polymeric materials function in critical applications such as organic light emitting displays (OLEDS) and photovoltaic devices for solar energy conversion.



Johnson-Welch Regents Chair and Professor of

University of Texas, Austin

Case Chemical Dynamics Lecturer

Molecular Electronics: Driving **Electrons through Molecules** November 16, 2006

The nature of charge transport in molecular junctions will be discussed. The talk will center on scattering theory, vibronic coupling structual disorder and device applications.

Mark A. Ratner Morrison Professor of Chemistry

Northwestern University

Case Chemical Dynamics Lecturer

Metal Clusters in Biology: An Ongoing Challenge to Inorganic Synthesis February 22, 2007

Complex metal cluster sites in biology are examined in the context of chemical synthesis. Recent developments in the synthesis of the the Fe-S and Mo-Fe-S clusters of nitrogenase and the Ni-Fe-S cluster of carbon monoxide dehydrogenase are described.



Richard H. Holm Higgins Professor of Chemistry

Harvard University



Hilarv A. Godwin Howard Hughes Medical Institute Professor

Northwestern University

Interactions of Dirhodium Biologically Active Complexes with DNA March 22, 2007

Our spectroscopic and X-ray crystallographic studies as well as the various biochemical assays we have conducted have provided unambiguous evidence that dirhodium compounds bind to nucleobases, DNA fragments and double-stranded DNA. These studies provide a backdrop for the design new anticancer drugs.



Kim R. Dunbar Davidson Professor of Science Professor of Inorganic Chemistry

Texas A&M University

Supramolecular Metal Clusters as Nanoscale, Chiral Flasks

April 26, 2007

Supramolecular architectures found in nature have inspired the design, synthesis and use of nanoscale molecular clusters formed through self-assembly from simple metal and ligand components. The clusters made are homochiral and resolvable because of tris-bidentate chelation at the metal vertices and mechanical linkage between the metal vertices.



Kenneth N. Raymond Professor of Chemistry

University of California, Berkeley



NASA Lecturer

