Assessing NHS Patient Experiences in Hackney, London

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Background

• I worked at Healthwatch Hackney (HWH)
  Location: St Leonard’s Hospital, Nuttall Street, London N15 2ZL

• The mission of HWH is to improve health and social care services in Hackney, ensuring that treatment is being provided with equity and respect. This mission is completed by being the healthcare champion of the Hackney residents. HWH seeks patient feedback, collects data in order to influence local decision makers, and educates providers and patients about patient rights.

• Additional functions include but are not limited to: promoting involvement of residents in provision and scrutiny of healthcare services; obtaining feedback of residents regarding their needs for and experiences of services; writing reports and recommendations about health and care services offered in Hackney for the care providers, local commissioners, and Healthwatch England.

• HWH is independent from the National Health Service (NHS) but retains statutory functions from the NHS and directly advises the Care Quality Commission of the NHS.

Population

• There are 259,200 people living in Hackney as of 2021.
  - The population includes a significantly higher percentage of black residents, from both African and Caribbean descent, compared to London and England.
  - The greatest percentage of people (36.2%) are of white race, from English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British descent.
  - A majority of residents speak English (75.9%) but the second largest spoken language (4.5%) is Turkish.
  - Hackney is the third most income-deprived borough out of the 32 boroughs in London.

Learning Objectives

1. Comprehension of the NHS model of healthcare and special patient experiences.
3. Synthesis of recommendations for service providers based on feedback data and personal observations.

Activities

• Collecting feedback from NHS service users
• Analyzing patient feedback and drafting reports based on findings
• Designing HWH leaflets
• Calling care home managers in Hackney to characterize their experience with the Designated Enhanced Services program, commissioned by the local CCG
• Calling pharmacies in order to send recommendations on ways to improve accessibility to the facilities
• Collecting signposting information from the local dental practices on their availability to see new and existing patients
• Editing and writing reports based on patient feedback and practice observations
• Attending HWH team meetings

Deliverables

• Educational flyers about the systems influencer program and HWH
• The Lea Surgery enter and view report
• Data synthesis for the Ivy Centre enter and view report
• Data analysis and results for a community report on how the Chinese and Vietnamese community in Hackney
• The Hackney dental new patient database
• HWH pharmacy and care home call logs

Lessons Learned

• I gained insight into the perceptions, both positive and negative, NHS patients have regarding their healthcare coverage.
• There are a greater amount of local health initiatives and programming through the NHS compared to the CMS.
• Free healthcare does not equate to healthcare for all: access to healthcare is not guaranteed by making it costless.
• The quality of the patient-physician interaction is less emphasized for those who are healthier and have no accessibility needs.
• The NHS system is still recovering from COVID-19, experiencing backlogs of patients resulting in long wait times and single-issue per visit consultations.

Public Health Implications

• Collecting and synthesizing patient feedback in terms of accessibility and satisfaction provides GPs and other service providers with valuable recommendations in order to make quality improvements.
• Having an independent watchdog organization with statutory functions, such as HWH, holds service providers accountable for the services and care they deliver.
• HWH also informs both providers and patients of important patient rights, such as the patient right to translating services.
• HWH also organizes community programming and information dissemination in order to bring the residents closer to healthcare decision making, which will increase quality, accessibility, and efficacy of care delivery.

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References


Population and Quantitative Health Sciences

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