Driving Diversity & Inclusion

Office of Diversity, Equity and Inclusive Engagement

Office for Diversity, Equity and Inclusive Engagement

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What is Diversity?

- A mosaic of individual groups with varying backgrounds, experiences, styles, perceptions, values and beliefs.
- Diversity usually refers to representation (numbers) related to a wide range of human difference. The dimensions most commonly identified include gender and race/ethnicity. Diversity scholars have identified many other dimensions including, but not limited to, age/generation, mental/physical abilities, sexual orientation, gender identity/expression, religion, family status, immigrant status, geographic location, and military experience.

Benefits of Diversity

Diversity powers innovations

superior to those of homogenous groups (Page 2007)

Diversity on Juries (Sommers 2006)

More information exchange with a diverse jury

Took longer- exchange wider range of information than all-White groups

Discussed more case facts

Discussed more missing evidence

More accurate

Fewer inaccurate statements

Fewer uncorrected inaccuracies

More openness to discussing race

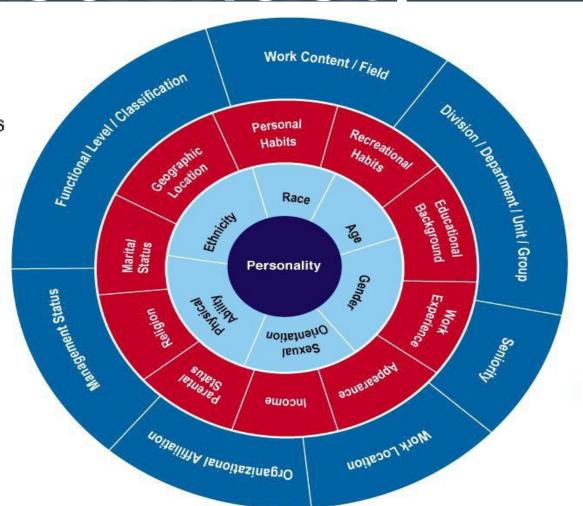
Discussed more race-related topics

Fewer objections to considering race

Slide Source: 2008 LEAD presentation by Sapna Cheryan, Assistant Professor of Psychology, University of Washington

Primary & Secondary Dimensions of Diversity

- Organizational Dimensions
- External Dimensions
- Internal Dimensions



Differences That Make A Difference

<u>Age</u>

Athleticism

Disability

Economic class

Educational level

English Literacy

Ethnicity/culture

Family status

Gender

identity/expression

Geographic region

Hierarchical level

Immigration status

Viewpoint/Political

Affiliation

Job function

Marital/Relationship Status

National origin

Parental Status

Race

Religion/spirituality/Beliefs

<u>Sex</u>

Sexual orientation

Size/appearance

Skin color; phenotype

Veteran Status

Working style

Years of experience

Social Identity in the US

Dominant Group Members

- Maybe taught that they are "normal"
- Maybe less aware of social privilege and other groups', feelings' concerns, or experiences
- Maybe socially conscious or socially unaware
- May show defensiveness, guilt, doubt, or rationalization (rather than empathy or urgency) regarding discrimination.



What is Inclusion?

Inclusion is the process of making every member of the community feel welcomed, valued, and respected for what they contribute

- At its best, inclusion is a practice of enabling diversity to create opportunities to incorporate voices, perspectives, and ideas that might otherwise be missed, overlooked or undervalued.
- Inclusion is a method of leveraging diversity for the best possible interactions, campus climate and quality of life for faculty, students, staff and others.

The Inclusion Paradox

Diversity is the mix, inclusion is making the mix work.

Andres Tapia, Diversity Expert

Diversity is being invited to the dance, inclusion is being asked to dance.

Verna Myers,

Diversity Advocate

Future Learning Opportunities

A Reality Check

- Can I define Diversity & Inclusion?
- Who's in my network?
- Accountability

An Immersive Experience

Additional Trainings

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